

Rpt. 4b

REC'D NEW YORK OCT 27 1961

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Date of writing report Oct. 24, 1961 Received London Port Miami No. 364
Survey held at Miami No. of visits In shops First date July 18, 1961 Last date Oct. 25, 1961
On vessel

FIRST ENTRY REPORT ON INTERNAL COMBUSTION MACHINERY

No. in R.B. Name MARIA VERONICA Gross tons 970.90
Owners J. Manuel Cordova Managers same Port of Registry Valpariso
Hull built at Houston, Texas By Brown Shipbuilding Co. Yard No. When 1944
Main Engines made at Beloit, Wis. By Fairbanks Morse Eng. No. When
Gearing made at By
Donkey boilers made at By Blr. Nos. When

Machinery installed at Houston, Texas By Brown Shipbuilding Company When 1944
Particulars of restricted service of ship, if limited for classification Coastwise service in Chile
Particulars of vegetable or similar cargo oil notation, if required
Ship to be classed for navigation in ice? no Is ship intended to carry petroleum in bulk? no
Refrigerating machinery fitted? yes If so, is it for cargo purposes? no Type of refrigerant Freon
Is the refrigerated cargo installation intended to be classed? --

The following particulars should be given as fully and as clearly as possible. Where the answer is "No" or "None", say so! Ticks and other signs of doubtful meaning are not to be used. Where the rating is not applicable to the installation, a black line may be inserted. If the main engines have been constructed at another port and are covered by a separate report, the particulars given in that report need not be repeated below, but the port and report number should be stated.

No. of main engines 2 No. of propellers 2 Brief description of propulsion system
MAIN RECIPROCATING ENGINES. Licence Name and Type No. Fairbanks Morse opposed piston
No. of cylinders per engine 10 Dia. of cylinders 8 1/8 stroke(s) 10 2 or 4 stroke cycle 2 Single or double acting single
Maximum approved BHP per engine 1800 at 800 RPM of engine and same RPM of propeller.

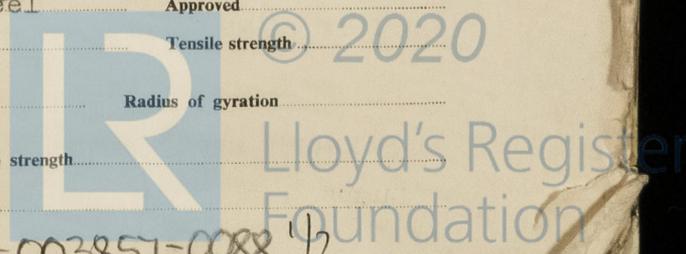
Corresponding MIP (For DA engines give MIP top & bottom) Maximum cylinder pressure Machinery numeral
Are the cylinders arranged in Vee or other special formation? in line If so, number of crankshafts per engine 2, upper & lower
TWO STROKE ENGINES. Is the engine of opposed piston type? yes If so, how are upper pistons connected to crankshaft? connecting rods
Are the exhaust discharged through ports in the cylinders or through valve(s) in the cylinder covers? ports No. and type of mechanically driven scavenge pumps or blowers per engine and how driven one, engine driven
No. of exhaust gas driven scavenge blowers per engine none Where exhaust gas driven blowers only are fitted, can the engine operate with one blower out of action? --
Is a stand-by or emergency pump or blower fitted, state how driven -- No. of scavenge air coolers -- Scavenge air pressure at full power --
Are scavenge manifold explosion relief valves fitted? yes

TWO STROKE ENGINES. Is the engine supercharged? Are the undersides of the pistons arranged as supercharge pumps? No. of exhaust gas driven blowers per engine
No. of supercharge air coolers per engine Supercharge air pressure Can engine operate without supercharger?
TWO FOUR STROKE ENGINES-GENERAL. No. of valves per cylinder: Fuel 2 Inlet -- Exhaust -- Starting 1 Safety 1
Material of cylinder covers -- Material of piston crowns aluminum Is the engine equipped to operate on heavy fuel oil? no
Cooling medium for: -Cylinders water Pistons -- Fuel valves -- Overall diameter of piston rod for double acting engines T shaped, forged
Is the rod fitted with a sleeve? no Is welded construction employed for: Bedplate? yes Frames? yes Entablature? yes Is the crankcase separated from the underside of pistons? no
Is the engine of crosshead or trunk piston type? trunk Total internal volume of crankcase No. and total area of explosion relief devices none
Are flame guards or traps fitted to relief devices? no Is the crankcase readily accessible? yes If not, must the engine be removed for overhaul of bearings, etc? no
Is the engine secured directly to the tank top or to a built-up seating? built up How is the engine started? air
Can the engine be directly reversed? yes If not, how is reversing obtained?
Has the engine been tested working in the shop? How long at full power?

TANK & FLYWHEEL SHAFTING. Date of approval of torsional vibration characteristics of the propelling machinery system ITOM State barred speed range(s), if imposed
Working propeller For spare propeller Is a governor fitted? yes Is a torsional vibration damper or detuner fitted to the shafting? yes
Where positioned? front & lower Type spring loaded No. of main bearings 11 Are main bearings of ball or roller type? no
Distance between inner edges of bearings in way of crank(s) Distance between centre lines of side cranks or eccentrics of opposed piston engines
Crankshaft type: Built, semi-built, solid. (State which) solid
Diameter of journals 8.0035 Diameter of crankpins Centre 6.745 Breadth of webs at mid-throw Axial thickness of webs
Side 3.192 Pins 3.192 Minimum
Shrunk, radial thickness around eyeholes Are dowel pins fitted? Crankshaft material Journals steel Approved
Webs Tensile strength
Diameter of flywheel Weight Are balance weights fitted? Total weight Radius of gyration
Diameter of flywheel shaft Material Minimum approved tensile strength

Flywheel shaft: separate, integral with crankshaft, integral with thrustshaft. (State which)

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MAIN GAS TURBINES. Name and Type No.

No. of sets of turbines _____ Open or closed cycle _____ BHP per set _____ at _____ RPM of output shaft _____

How is drive transmitted to propeller shaft? _____

ARRANGEMENT OF TURBINES. HP drives _____ at _____ RPM HP gas inlet temperature _____ pressure _____
(A small diagram should be attached showing gas cycle.)

IP drives _____ at _____ RPM IP gas inlet temperature _____ pressure _____

LP drives _____ at _____ RPM LP gas inlet temperature _____ pressure _____

No. of air compressors per set _____ Centrifugal or axial flow type? _____ Material of turbine blades _____ Material of compressor blades _____

No. of air coolers per set _____ No. of heat exchangers per set _____ How are turbines started? _____

How is reversing effected? _____ Are the turbines operated in conjunction with free piston gas generators? _____

Total No. of free piston gas generators _____ Diameter of working pistons _____ Diameter of compressor pistons _____ No. of double strokes per minute at full power _____ Gas delivery pressure _____ Gas delivery temperature _____ Have the turbines and attached equipment been tested working in the shop? _____ How long at full power? _____

ELECTRIC PROPULSION (Reciprocating engines or gas turbines. Electrical particulars to be reported on Form 4d.)

No. of generators _____ KW per generator _____ at _____ RPM AC or DC? _____ Position _____

No. of propulsion motors _____ SHP per motor _____ at _____ RPM Position _____

How is power obtained for excitation of generators? _____ Motors? _____

REDUCTION GEARING (Reciprocating engines or gas turbines. A small line sketch should be attached showing arrangement of gearing.)

Is gearing of single or double helical type? _____ If single, position of gear thrust bearing _____ Is gearing of epicyclic type? _____

PCD of pinions: First reduction _____ Second reduction _____ PCD of wheels: First reduction _____ Main _____

Material of pinions _____ Tensile strength _____ Material of wheel rims _____ Tensile strength _____

Are gear teeth surface hardened? _____ How are teeth finished? _____ Diameter of pinion journals _____ Wheel shaft journals _____

Are the wheels of welded construction? _____ Is gearcase of welded construction? _____ Has the wheel/gearcase been heat treated on completion of welding? _____ Where is the propeller thrust bearing located? _____ Are gear bearings of ball or roller type? _____

CLUTCHES, FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS, ETC. If a clutch or other flexible connection is fitted between engine/turbine and gearing or between engine and line shafting give brief description and, for clutches, state how operated. Torque converter-hydraulic

Can the main engine be used for purposes other than propulsion when declutched? no If so, what? _____

STRAIGHT SHAFTING. Diameter of thrustshaft 5" - 7" Iron 2 Material steel Minimum approved tensile strength _____

Shaft separate or integral with crank or wheel shaft? separate Diameter of intermediate shaft 5" Material steel

Minimum approved tensile strength _____ Diameter of screwshaft cone at large end 5" (S.22 R.04) Is screwshaft fitted with a continuous liner? no

Diameter of tube shaft. (If these are separate shafts) 5" Is tube shaft fitted with a continuous liner in way of stern tube no Thickness of screw/tube shaft liner at bearings 1/2" Thickness between bearings _____ Material of screw/tube shaft steel Minimum approved tensile strength _____

Is an approved oil gland fitted? no If so, state type _____ Length of bearing next to and supporting propeller 22 1/2"

Material of bearing rubber, cutlass In multiple screw vessels is the liner between stern tube and A bracket continuous? no If not, is the exposed length of shafting between liners readily visible in dry dock? yes except rubber covered

PROPELLER. Diameter of propeller _____ Pitch _____ Built up or solid solid Total developed surface _____

No. of blades 5 Blade thickness at top of root fillet _____ Blade material bronze Moment of inertia of dry propeller _____

If propeller is of special design, state type yes, 5 blade Is propeller of reversible pitch type? no If so, is it of approved design? _____

State method of control _____ Material of spare propeller none Moment of inertia _____

AIR COMPRESSORS & RECEIVERS. No. of main engine driven compressors per engine none Can they be declutched? _____

No. of independently driven air compressors. (State capacity, prime mover, position in ship, and Port and No. of certificate) two, 5 HP electric motors 600 psi

No. of starting air receivers. (Main and Aux. State capacity of each, position in ship and Port and No. of Certificate) four, no certificates, tested 900 psi hydrostatic

How are receivers first charged? compressor Maximum working pressure of starting air system 600 lbs. Are the safety devices in accordance with the Rules? yes Has the starting of the main engines been tested and found satisfactory? yes

COOLERS. No. of main engine fresh water coolers none No. of main engine lubricating oil coolers two

OIL FUEL TANKS. No. and position of oil fuel settling or service tanks not forming part of hull structure two day tanks, separate from hull

MAIN ENGINE DRIVEN PUMPS (No. and Purpose) one salt water pump, one fresh water pump, two lubricating oil pumps

INDEPENDENT PUMPS Name below essential pumps, state position and how driven. Give capacity of bilge pumps.	Service for which each pump is connected to be marked thus X														
	SUCTION							DELIVERY							
	Bilge Main	Bilge Direct	Ballast Main	Oil Fuel	Fresh Water Cooling	Sea	Feed Tanks	Lub. Oil	Boiler Feed	Salt Water Cooling	Fresh Water Cooling	Oil Fuel Tanks	Fire Main	Lub. Oil	Piston Cooling
Ballast. Electric		X	X			X									X
Fire pumps, 2. Electric		X				X				X			X		X
FO transfer. Electric				X								X			X
Lube oil transfer, 2 Electric								X						X	

BILGE SUCTIONS. No. and size in each hold, deep tank or pump room Lower hold, 2 4-inch suction Iron 4

No. and size connected to main bilge line in main engine room Iron 5 In tunnel _____

In aux. engine room _____ Size and position of direct bilge suction in machinery spaces one 4 inch forward part

Size and position of emergency bilge suction in machinery spaces four 2 inch eductors

Is the bilge or ballast system fitted with means for separating oily water on the overboard discharge side? no Do the piping arrangements comply with the Rules including special requirements for ships carrying petroleum in bulk, cargo oil or classed for navigation in ice? (strike out words not applicable) _____

STEAM & OIL ENGINE AUXILIARIES

Position of each	Type	Made by	Port and No. of Rpt. or Cert.	Driven Machinery (For electric generators, state output)
Main engine room, center,	diesel	General Motors	No certificates	Generators 100 KW

Is electric current used for essential services at sea? yes If so, state the minimum No. and capacity of generators required in order that the ship may operate at sea generator 100 KW

Is an electric generator driven by Main Engine? no

STEAM INSTALLATION. No. of donkey boilers burning oil fuel _____ W.P. _____ Type _____

Position _____

Is a superheater fitted? _____ Are these boilers also heated by exhaust gas? _____ No. of donkey boilers heated by exhaust gas only? _____ W.P. _____

Type _____ Position _____ Can the exhaust heated boilers deliver steam directly to the steam range or do they operate only as economisers in conjunction with oil fired boilers? _____ Port and No. of report on donkey boilers _____

Is steam essential for operation of the ship at sea? _____ Are any steam pipes over 3 ins. bore? _____ If so, what is their material? _____

For oil fired boilers is the arrangement of pipes, valves, controls, etc., in accordance with the Rules? _____ No. of oil burning pressure units _____ No. of steam condensers _____ No. of Evaporators _____

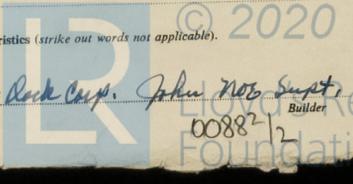
STEERING GEAR. (State No. and Type of Steam Engines, Electric Motors, Hydraulic Pumps and other particulars) one 2 HP electric motor operating rudders through gears and wire.

Have the Rule Requirements for fire extinguishing arrangements been complied with? _____ Brief description of arrangements _____

Has the spare gear required by the Rules been supplied? _____ Has all the machinery been tried under full working conditions and found satisfactory? yes Date and duration of full power sea trials of main engines Oct. 21, 1961, 6 hours Does this machinery installation contain any features of a novel or experimental nature? (Give particulars) _____

The foregoing description of the main engine and installation is correct and the particulars are as approved for torsional vibration characteristics (strike out words not applicable).

Clude Dry Dock Corp. John No. 100 Super Builder
 00882-12
 Foundation



GENERAL REMARKS

State if the machinery has been constructed and/or installed under special survey in accordance with the Rules, approved plans and Secretary's letters. State quality of materials and workmanship and give recommendations for classification, including any special notation to be assigned. Where existing machinery is submitted for classification the circumstances should be explained as fully as possible.

This vessel was constructed and equipped according to U.S. Navy specifications.

This vessel is eligible in my opinion to be classed 100A1 "Chilean Coastwise Service" with a record of ES 10.61 subject to satisfactory alteration of bilge pumping arrangements and satisfactory calibration of switchboard circuit breakers.

The machinery arrangements on this ship are similar to those of "ANGOCHE" (See New York Rpt. No. 84324).

Fred H. Hallbauer

Fred H. Hallbauer

Engineer Surveyor to Lloyd's Register of Shipping.

No certificates available

PARTICULARS OF IDENTIFICATION MARKS (Including Port of origin) of important Forgings and Castings. (Copies of certificates should be forwarded with report.)

RODS

CRANKSHAFT OR ROTORSHAFT

FLYWHEEL SHAFT

THRUSTSHAFT

GEARING

INTERMEDIATE SHAFTS

SCREW AND TUBE SHAFTS

PROPELLERS

OTHER IMPORTANT ITEMS

Is the installation a duplicate of a previous case?

If so, state name of vessel

Date of approval of plans for crankshaft

Straight shafting

Gearing

Clutch

Separate oil fuel tanks

Pumping arrangements

Oil fuel arrangements

Cargo oil pumping arrangements

Air receivers

Donkey boilers

Dates of examination of principal parts:—

Fitting of stern tube

Fitting of propeller

Completion of sea connections

Alignment of crank shaft in main bearings

Engine chocks & bolts

Alignment of gearing

Alignment of straight shafting

Testing of pumping arrangements

Oil fuel lines

Donkey boiler supports

Steering machinery

Windlass

Date of Committee

NEW YORK DEC 20 1961

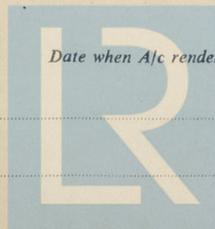
Special Survey Fee

Decision

See Lrmi 368

To be notified later

Expenses



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