

Rpt. 13.

# REPORT ON ELECTRIC LIGHTING INSTALLATION. No. 1237

Port of *New Glasgow N.S.* Date of First Survey *Sept 3<sup>rd</sup> 1919* Date of Last Survey *Dec. 28<sup>th</sup> 1919* No. of Visits *16*  
 No. in Reg. Book on the Iron or Steel *P.C. Steamer "Canadian Sealer"* Port belonging to *Montreal*  
 Built at *New Glasgow N.S.* By whom *Nova Scotia Steel & Coal Co. Ltd.* When built *1919*  
 Owners *Canadian Government Merchant Mar. Ltd.* Owners' Address  
 Yard No. *5* Electric Light Installation fitted by *Nova Scotia Steel & Coal Co. Ltd.* When fitted *1919*

## DESCRIPTION OF DYNAMO, ENGINE, ETC.

*Vertical, Single Cylinder, open type: direct connection to Dynamo.*  
 Capacity of Dynamo *85* Amperes at *110* Volts, whether continuous or alternating current *Continuous*  
 Where is Dynamo fixed *Starboard side E. Room* Whether single or double wire system is used *Double wire*  
 Position of Main Switch Board *4' aft of Dynamo* having switches to groups *6* of lights, &c., as below  
 Positions of auxiliary switch boards and numbers of switches on each *E. Room 1-5 switches, Galley 1-3 switches, Stewards' pantry 1-3 switches, Crew's Quarters, aft. 1-3 switches, Crew's Quarters, fore. 1-2 switches, Wheelhouse 1-4 switches.*  
 If fuses are fitted on main switch board to the cables of main circuit *no* and on each auxiliary switch board to the cables of auxiliary circuits *yes* and at each position where a cable is branched or reduced in size *yes* and to each lamp circuit *yes*  
 If vessel is wired on the double wire system are fuses fitted to both flow and return wires or cables of all circuits including lamp circuits *yes*  
 Are the fuses of non-oxidizable metal *yes* and constructed to fuse at an excess of *3* per cent over the normal current  
 Are all fuses fitted in easily accessible positions *yes* Are the fuses of standard dimensions *yes* If wire fuses are used are permanent instructions fitted on or near each switch board giving particulars of proper size of fuse for each circuit *no wire fuses*  
 Are all switches and fuses constructed of incombustible materials and fitted on incombustible bases *yes.*

Total number of lights provided for *125* arranged in the following groups:—

A	<i>18</i>	lights each of <i>25 watts</i>	candle power requiring a total current of <i>3.5</i>	Amperes
B	<i>18</i>	lights each of <i>25</i> "	candle power requiring a total current of <i>3.5</i>	Amperes
C	<i>18</i>	lights each of <i>25</i> "	candle power requiring a total current of <i>3.5</i>	Amperes
D	<i>36</i>	lights each of <i>15</i> "	candle power requiring a total current of <i>5</i>	Amperes
E	<i>14</i>	lights each of <i>25</i> "	candle power requiring a total current of <i>3.5</i>	Amperes
	<i>2</i>	Mast head light with <i>2</i> lamps each of <i>60</i> "	candle power requiring a total current of <i>1</i>	Amperes
	<i>2</i>	Side light with <i>2</i> lamps each of <i>60</i> "	candle power requiring a total current of <i>1</i>	Amperes
	<i>15</i>	Cargo lights of <i>40</i> "	candle power, whether incandescent or arc lights <i>Incandescent</i>	

If arc lights, what protection is provided against fire, sparks, &c. *—*  
 Where are the switches controlling the masthead and side lights placed *On "Detab" switchboard in wheelhouse.*

## DESCRIPTION OF CABLES.

Main cable carrying *125* Amperes, comprised of *19* wires, each *14* S.W.G. diameter, *77824* square inches total sectional area  
 Branch cables carrying *14* Amperes, comprised of *7* wires, each *18* S.W.G. diameter, *11200* square inches total sectional area  
 Branch cables carrying *10* Amperes, comprised of *7* wires, each *18* S.W.G. diameter, *11200* square inches total sectional area  
 Leads to lamps carrying *5* Amperes, comprised of *1* wires, each *14* S.W.G. diameter, *4096* square inches total sectional area  
 Cargo light cables carrying *14* Amperes, comprised of *7* wires, each *18* S.W.G. diameter, *11200* square inches total sectional area

## DESCRIPTION OF INSULATION, PROTECTION, ETC.

*All wires in machinery spaces, holds and other exposed places are lead covered and armoured with wire braid galvanised iron wire: Cabins have lead covered wire.*  
 Joints in cables, how made, insulated, and protected *Made in cast-iron junction-boxes insulated with two plies of rubber splicing tape and two plies of black tape.*  
 Are all the joints of cables thoroughly soldered, and the flux used not containing acids or other corrosive substances *yes* Are all joints in accessible positions, none being made in bunkers, cargo spaces, or spaces which may at any time be used for carrying cargo, stores, or baggage *yes*  
 Are there any joints in or branches from the cable leading from dynamo to main switch board *no.*  
 How are the cables led through the ship, and how protected *Clamped with double-end clips and covered with wood where exposed and liable to injury.*



**DESCRIPTION OF INSULATION, PROTECTION, ETC.—continued.**

Are they in places always accessible yes

What special protection has been provided for the cables in open alleyways or where exposed to weather or moisture are all lead-covered and protected with wood

What special protection has been provided for the cables near galleys or oil lamps or other sources of heat Armoured cable

What special protection has been provided for the cables near boiler casings Armoured cable

What special protection has been provided for the cables in engine room Armoured cable

How are cables carried through beams in lead bushings through bulkheads, &c. with water-tight glass

How are cables carried through decks With deck tubes about 18" long bushed with wood.

Are any cables run through coal bunkers yes or cargo spaces yes or spaces which may be used for carrying cargo, stores, or baggage ✓

If so, how are they protected With wood casing

Are any lamps fitted in coal bunkers or spaces which may at times be used for cargo, coals, or baggage yes

If so, how are the lamp fittings and cable terminals specially protected with wood casing.

Where are the main switches and fuses for these lights fitted in Engine-room

If in the spaces, how are they specially protected ✓

Are any switches or fuses fitted in bunkers no

Cargo light cables, whether portable or permanently fixed permanent How fixed With double end clips and cased with wood.

In vessels fitted on the single wire system, how is the dynamo terminal fixed to the hull of vessel ✓

How are the returns from the lamps connected to the hull ✓

Are all the joints with the hull in accessible positions yes

Is the installation supplied with a voltmeter yes and with an amperemeter yes, fixed on switchboard

**VESSELS BUILT FOR CARRYING PETROLEUM.**

In vessels built for carrying petroleum, are all switches and fuses fitted in positions not liable to the accumulation of petroleum vapour or gas ✓

Are any switches, fuses, or joints of cables fitted in the pump room or companion ✓

How are the lamps specially protected in places liable to the accumulation of vapour or gas ✓

The copper used is guaranteed to have a conductivity of not less than that of the Engineering Standards Committee's standard, and the wires are protected by tinning from the sulphur compounds present in the insulating material.

Insulation of cables is guaranteed to have a resistance of not less than \_\_\_\_\_ megohms per statute mile at 60° Fahrenheit after 24 hours' immersion in water, the test being made after one minute's electrification at not less than 500 volts and while the cable is still immersed.

The foregoing statements are a correct description of the Electric Light installation fitted by us on this vessel and we declare that it is at this date in good order and safe working condition.

*Nova Scotia Steel & Coal Co. Limited*

Raymond Miller Electrical Engineers Date 18/2/20

**COMPASSES.**

Distance between dynamo or electric motors and standard compass about 80 feet

Distance between dynamo or electric motors and steering compass about 75 feet

The nearest cables to the compasses are as follows:—

A cable carrying <u>1/2</u> Amperes	<u>1</u> feet from standard compass	<u>1</u> feet from steering compass
A cable carrying <u>1/2</u> Amperes	<u>7</u> feet from standard compass	<u>5</u> feet from steering compass
A cable carrying _____ Amperes	_____ feet from standard compass	_____ feet from steering compass

Have the compasses been adjusted with and without the electric installation at work at full power yes

The maximum deviation due to electric currents, etc., was found to be \_\_\_\_\_ degrees on \_\_\_\_\_ course in the case of the standard compass and \_\_\_\_\_ degrees on \_\_\_\_\_ course in the case of the steering compass.

*Nova Scotia Steel & Coal Co. Limited*

Raymond Miller Builder's Signature. Date 18/3/20

**GENERAL REMARKS.**

The whole of the above installations has been satisfactorily completed and in accordance with the Society's rules

It is submitted that this vessel is eligible for \_\_\_\_\_

ELEC: LIGHT 15/4/20

[Signature] Surveyor to Lloyd's Register of Shipping.

TUE. APR. 20 1920

Committee's Minute

